

Welcome to Yamagata

http://www.yamagatakanko.com/english/

amagata Tourism Information Center

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The origins of the name "Yamagata" can be traced



YAMAGATA GUIDEBOOK





The Traditional Culture

Homma Museum of Art

This site of this museum is a house previously owned by the Homma family once incredibly wealthy Japanese landowners who lived in the Sakata area In addition to displaying items owned by the Homma family, there is also a garden that is beautiful throughout all four

http://www.sakata-kankou.gr.jp/



Sankyo Warehouses

Shonai is one of the leading rice producing regions of Japan, and these agricultural warehouses have been in use since they were built over 100 years ago. The combination of these warehouses and the adjacent street lined with zelkova trees creates a quaint atmosphere. Some of these warehouses are now used as a market for local produce and as a museum http://www.sakata-kankou.gr.jp/



Chidō Museum

The residence of the Sakai family that ruled over the Shonai Clan is on display at this museum, where you can see historical buildings from Tsuruoka. Nearby Tsuruoka Park is known as a great place to view the spring cherry blossoms. http://www7.ocn.ne.jp/~chido/e_main.htm



Yamadera and The Narrow Road to the Deep North

Renowned Edo Period (1603-1868) haiku poet Matsuo Basho traveled through Yamagata and composed numerous poems while writing his major work titled The Narrow Road to the Deep North. During his travels, Matsuo Basho visited Yamadera, also known as Risshakuji Temple, Yamadera was founded approximately 1200 years ago, and its eternal flame has continued to burned brightly from the time of the temple's founding to this day.



Yamagata has a long history of trade with Kyoto and Osaka, and through this relationship much of the culture from that region came to Yamagata as well. Thanks to this history, you can see traditional performances by maiko dancing girls in both Yamagata City and





The three mountains of Mt. Haguro, Mt. Gassan, and Mt. Yudono that are located in the center of Yamagata are called the Dewa Sanzan. They are well known as mountains that have been part of religious ascetic training since ancient times. At these mountains, you can visit both the Five-Story Pagoda on Mt. Haguro that has been designated as a National Treasure and also the Cedar Tree Path of Mt. Haguro that is designated as a Natural Monument. It is also possible to take part in a Yamabushi training course, where participants can experience the strict spiritual training regiment of the sect of as the Yamabushi.

nce ancient times. Yamagata has been revered as a land that is home to a culture of profound spirituality, and this can be seen in Yamadera Temple and the three sacred mountains of Yamagata known as the Dewa Sanzan. Additionally, elements of culture from Kyoto and central Japan made their way to Yamagata as a result of the large numbers of people who traveled to and from Yamagata due to the area's once thriving safflower trade, leading to the creation of Yamagata's own unique culture. Fragments of that became the historical cornerstone of Yamagata's culture, which continues to be passed down to this day.





There are many fantastic locations to see the spring cherry blossoms in Yamagata Prefecture. There are walking paths along rivers lined with cherry blossom trees. and there are places to relax and enjoy cherry blossoms in bloom on a giant, cient trees over 100 years old.



When fall begins in earnest, the temperature in Yamagata quickly and suddenly drops, and it is said that this causes the changing colors of the autumn leaves to be particularly vibrant.

Depending on the location, it is possible to enjoy viewing the fall foliage from late September at the earliest until late November at the latest.





Terraced Rice Paddy Fields

Yamagata is home to three terraced rice paddy field areas chosen for the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries' listing of The Best Terraced Rice Fields in

Whether you view them from above or below, these offer a different type of scenery than a standard rice field.



The Giant Trees of Mogami

Yamagata that are over 100 years old, particularly in the northern region known as Mogami. Visiting these towering trees that still stand after all these years provides a chance to rejuvenate yourself and escape from the hustle and bustle of modern life.

Zao Okama Crater F-4

The Okama of Mt. Zao is a lake created by rainwater built up in a volcanic crater on Mt. Zao's Kattadake peak on the border between Yamagata and Miyagi Prefectures. It is also known as the Goshiki Numa, which means five color marsh, because the color of the water appears to change based on the weather and the angle of sunlight.

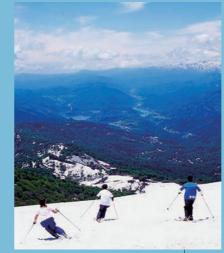
activities to enjoy throughout the year.

Bordered on the east by the O u Mountain Range crowned by Mount Zao, Yamagata Prefecture is Home to the vast Dewa, Asahi, and Iide mountainous regions which s helter a succession of basins and plains through which the Mogami R iver treads its way. Blessed with beautiful nature, every area of the prefe cture offers many things to see and leisure







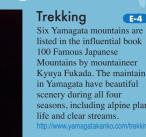


Mt. Gassan
Summer Skiing
Starting in April, you can go skiing on Mt.
Gassan. When it warms up, you can even
ski while wearing a t-shirt! It is also possible to do mogul skiing beginning in May.

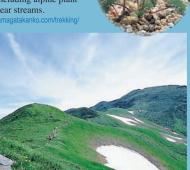


Kamo Aquarium, Tsuruoka City (Jellyfish Dream Building)

Yamagata Prefecture's only aquarium, with its biggest attraction being the world's largest jellyfish tank of 5m across. In addition, the aquarium prides itself in having the most types of different jellyfish on display in the world, and has been officially recognized in the Guinness Book of World Records. http://kgamo-kurage.in/



C-1



Traditional Arts and Crafts

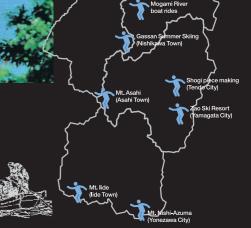
Many traditional arts and crafts have long been passed down in Yamagata. Examples include shogi (Japanese chess) piece making in Tendo City, metal casting, and Sasano Ittoubori wood carving. There are even opportunities to make your own unique work of art by participating in a traditional arts and crafts experience.



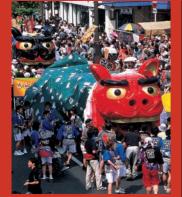
Yamagata Prefecture has a long history as an important trade route, contributing to the development of culture in the area surrounding the river. Today, it is possible to ride a boat down the Mogami River from Tozawa Village, viewing the beautiful scenery of the Mogami River Valley during any of the four seasons.



C-3 The Mogami River that flows through







Sakata Festival

May 19th-21st (Yearly) Main Festival Events: May 20th

This festival began 400 years ago, and through this festival you can still get a flourished in this region. Some say that are so tall that they touch the sky. You can to protect against evil, which are the

Hanagasa Festival E-4

ugust 5th-7th (Yearly)

estival, there are parades where nain streets in Yamagata City attracts



Yonezawa **Uesugi Festival**

Murayama

Tokunai Festival

Mid-August to Late-August(Yearly)

Yamagata. With small wooden clappers

perform an exhilarating dance to the up-tempo rhythm of traditional Japanese

April 29th-May 3rd (Yearly)

Yonezawa City in southern Yamagata



F-3

Yamagata is one of the major rice producing regions in Japan, and so it is also known as a major producer of sake, which uses rice as a main ingredient. There are sake breweries throughout Yamagata, where it is possible to taste many different kinds of sake.

Sake

Yamagata grape production is 3rd in Japan, and so it is also known as a major producer of wine, which uses grapes as a main ingredient. The wine made in Yamagata is created entirely from grapes

grown in Yamagata.

Imoni Stew

Imoni is a stew made from taro root. meat, and vegetables in broth flavored with either soy sauce or miso paste. This dish is eaten throughout the northeastern region of Japan known as Tohoku. The flavoring and ingredients used in imoni varies from somewhat region to region within Yamagata. Gathering by the river around an imoni pot cooked by a fire with friends and family is an important fall tradition in Yamagata.

Yonezawa Beef

Yonezawa beef raised in the southern region of Yamagata called Okitama is famous throughout Japan. Known for its thin and extensive marbling and high quality fat, it tastes great when eaten in neals like steak or sukiyaki.



Produce and Cuisine

Yamagata has long been known for these traditional noodles made from buckwheat, and there are many soba shops in Yamagata, Soba is believed to be very healthy. There are even soba districts throughout Yamagata, where many soba shops are clustered together.

Soba Noodles

Tsuyahime

For 10 years the rice brand known as Tsuyahime has been the pride of Yamagata Prefecture. Its unique features include its prominent whiteness, luster,



Fruits Yamagata grown fresh fruits are available all year long. If just eating these delicious fruits isn't enough, it is even possible to participate in a fruit picking experience. It is possible to pick fruits in any season, from the cherries that Yamagata

produces the most of in all of Japan, to other fruits like grapes and La France

Festival Calendar

Shinjo Festival

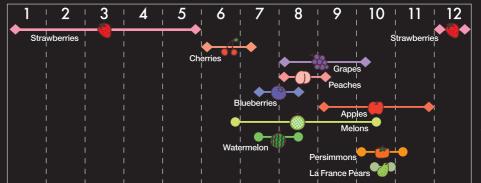
Human Shogi Yonezawa Uesugi Festival Sakata Festival Tenjin Festival

Uesugi Snow lantern Festival (Yonezawa City) A Saturday and Sunday in February (Tendo City) A Saturday and Sunday in April (Yonezawa City) April 29th - May 3rd (Sakata City) May 15th - 21st (Tsuruoka City) May 25th Yamagata Hanagasa Festival (Yamagata City) August 5th - 7th Murayama Tokunai Festival Mid-August to Late-August (Shinjo City) August 24th - 26th

Shinio Festival



Fruit Calendar





◆ Fruit Picking and Purchasing Season Purchasing Season





Shirabu Hot Springs G-3

The grass thatched roofs of the traditional ryokan (traditional Japanese style inns) in this area can make you truly feel the 700 year history of this hot spring village. Outdoor sports enthusiasts who trek and ski on the Tengendai Highlands and Mt. Azuma are also known to gather at the Shirabu Hot Springs.



Yunohama **Hot Springs**

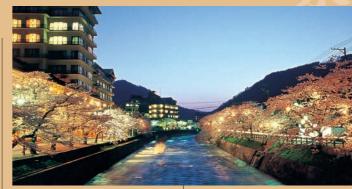
Yunohana is a hot springs resort along the coast. Warming yourself up with a soak in this hot spring after swimming in the ocean and playing water sports on a beach of white sand and clear blue skies is an truly unique experience. Because this hot spring is along the ocean, the seafood is exquisite. After you're done enjoying the hot spring, you can have a romantic evening eating delicious seafood while watching the sun set into the ocean.



Ginzan Hot Springs C-4

This hot springs (onsen) village evokes the atmosphere of old Japan. Three and four story traditional Japanese inns built during the Taisho and early Showa eras stand side by side, surrounding the quietly flowing Ginzan River. The gas lamps create unforgettable evening scenery, casting reflections on the surface of river and lighting up the winter snow.





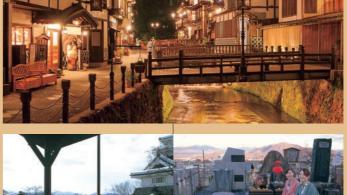
Atsumi Hot Springs C-1

Located in the mountains next to a beautiful stream flowing into the nearby ocean, the Atsumi Hot Springs have an over 1000 year history. These hot springs are famously popularly as a spot for therapeutic bathing. From April to early December, there is also a morning farmer's market with an over 260 year history at Atsumi Hot Springs. This market is packed with fresh vegetables and sea food, as well as other seasonal



Sagae Hot Springs

The Sagae Hot Springs are renowned for their unique baths that make use of Sagae City's famous roses. These elegant rose petal baths are said to give people more beautiful skin, and the beautiful aroma of roses is deeply soothing.



Kaminoyama

from April to September. There are a offered to visitors who wear yukata







Hijiori Hot Springs C-3

You can experience the atmosphere of ancient Japan at the Hijiori Hot Springs, where people riding rickshaws or taking a pleasant stroll wearing yukata on streets lined with traditional Japanese inns are a common sight. This hot spring has an over 1200 year history. It gained reputation long ago as a therapeutic bath, and to this day there is still no end to people who come seeking its curative effects.





Map of Yamagata

